

Model UN Advisor Workshop

How to Select MUN Conferences
and Prepare Students for Success





Best Delegate

- Model UN Resource Website
- Programs in 20+ Countries
- Summer Camps across United States

To participate in MUN conferences, your program needs two main things (other than you); members, and funding





Member Recruitment

- Teacher recommendations
- Invitation letters
- Class Credit
- College, Traveling as selling points
- People join when it's fun and when their friends are in it



How do you fund your MUN program?

- School Funding
- Parent Boosters
- Traditional Fundraising
- Conference Scholarships
- Hosting a Conference
- Middle School Programming

Your club should
set clear goals and build
a conference schedule.





Conference Factors to Consider

- Educational vs. Competitive
- Novice vs. Advanced
- Small vs. Large
- GA vs. Crisis
- 3 (Main) Procedures

MUN Procedures

- North American/ UN-USA Procedure
- THIMUN Procedure
- UN4MUN Procedure



Trends- Crisis Committees

- Dynamic, evolving committee driven by the delegates
 - Traditional, Historical, or Creative
 - **Pros:** Fun, Impromptu Speaking, Specific Research, Creative, no “formula” to win
 - **Cons:** Too staff intensive, crises may be poorly planned, can lose seriousness, harder to prepare for
-



Trends- UN4MUN

- Modeled on actual UN Procedure, developed by UNDPPI
 - WFUNA International Model United Nations in NYC
 - Elected Chairs, most time spent negotiating resolutions, distinctly academic focus.
 - Goal of committee is to find consensus, not a simple majority
-

After you've selected a conference to attend, how should your students prepare?





“Diplomat” Level

When they’re just starting out, **novice delegates** should focus on **Model UN fundamentals**:

- Delivering a speech with Hook, Point, and Call to Action
- Building a Research Binder
- Writing a proper resolution



“Ambassador” Level

When fundamentals are solid, **advanced delegates** can develop **Model UN strategy**:

- Anticipating opposition and allies in committee
 - Choosing sub-topics being neglected by the rest of committee
 - Appealing to specific chairing styles or conference scoring rules
-

Here's an example
lesson from the
MUN Institute





Topic Research

Sarah is researching the topic of “Access to Technology.” She’s typing this into Google but she’s getting overwhelmed with information.



access to technology

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About 1,840,000,000 results (0.32 seconds)

[Access to Technology: An Online Tutorial | DO-IT](#)

[www.washington.edu/.../access-technology-onl...](#) ▾ University of Washington ▾How individuals with disabilities can use computer and networking **technology** "Electronic and information **technology**" (referred to as simply "**technology**" in this ...

[\[PDF\] Technology in Schools: The Ongoing Challenge of Access...](#)

[www.nea.org/.../PB19_Technology08.pd...](#) ▾ National Education Association ▾

by NEAPD Van Roekel - Cited by 1 - Related articles

their insight into the issues of **access**, adequacy, and equity in education **technology**,

and to offer recommen- dations on how to ensure greater balance in the ...

[Access to Technology - The Scripps Research Institute](#)

[www.scripps.edu](#) ▾ Florida ▾ Scripps Research Institute ▾Other links in the **Technology Access** section provide overviews of each of our scientific cores, describe the services offered, and give contact information for ...


[Digital divide - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia](#)

[en.wikipedia.org/?title=Digital_divide](#) Wikipedia ▾The term Digital divide describes a gap between those who have ready **access** to information and communication **technology** and the skills to make use of those ...[Digital divide in the United States](#) - [Digital divide in China](#) - Category:Digital divide



Access to Technology: An Online Tutorial

 [Printer-friendly version](#)

 [Access-Technology-Online Tutorial.pdf](#)

How individuals with disabilities can use computer and networking technology

"Electronic and information technology" (referred to as simply "technology" in this publication) includes a broad range of products used to acquire, store, manipulate, and transmit information. These technologies include computers, software, websites, telephones, science lab equipment, MP3s, CDs, videos, photocopiers, fax machines, and calculators.

Many technology products are designed in such a way that they are inaccessible to people with some types of disabilities. For example, a person with a visual impairment may not be able to interpret telephone use instructions if they are presented only in a visual format; a person who is deaf cannot access content of a software program that is only presented aurally. Too often even those individuals with disabilities who have assistive technology, a computer, and Internet connection, still cannot make full use of technology because of the inaccessible features of hardware or software. In contrast, when universal design principles are employed as technology is created or updated, the resulting products are fully accessible to a broad audience, including assistive technology users.

This tutorial, created by DO-IT (Disabilities, Opportunities, Internetworking, and Technology), describes how people with disabilities use computers, tells how technology can be made accessible, and lists resources for further study. To complete the tutorial, simply read the documents and freely view the video presentations online; you can also purchase the videos in DVD format from DO-IT. You will find it easier to link to the websites if you use the online version of this publication

at www.uw.edu/doit/access-technology-online-tutorial



Topic Research

You want Sarah to use only UN sources: resolutions, reports, and websites.

What should Sarah type into Google to do this?



site:un.org access to technology

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About 91,100 results (0.26 seconds)

[PDF] ACCESS TO TECHNOLOGY - the United Nationswww.un.org/.../mdggap_matrix_technology_2010.pdf ▾ United Nations ▾**ACCESS TO NEW TECHNOLOGIES.** Indicators 8.14, 8.15 and 8.16 under Target 8.F provide a measure of penetration of new **technology** in developing ...**Access to technology can help prevent violent conflicts ...**ma.one.un.org/.../access-to-technology-can-help-prevent-violent-conflict... ▾**Access to technology** can help prevent violent conflicts | Ozonnia Ojielo. 07 Aug 2012. Children in DR Congo proudly show their mobile phones. Photo: UNDP ...**[PDF] Fact Sheet: Information and Communication Technology**social.un.org/youthyear/.../IYY_Fact_Sheet_ICT_Final.pdf ▾ United Nations ▾time communication amongst people, allowing them immediate **access** to new information. ... While **access to technology** and associated electronic content has ...**[PDF] YOUTH AND ICT - the United Nations**www.un.org/esa/socdev/documents/.../fact.../youth-icts.pdf ▾ United Nations ▾**Technology** – specifically ICT – has played a central role in young people's rise to ... entrepreneurship – which is facilitated by **access to technology**, the internet ...**IPRs and Access to Technology - the United Nations**www.un.org ▸ [Home](#) ▸ [Policy Management](#) ▾ United Nations ▾

The use of Intellectual Property Rights for the protection of proprietary knowledge in the

ACCESS TO NEW TECHNOLOGIES

Indicators 8.14, 8.15 and 8.16 under **Target 8.F** provide a measure of penetration of new technology in developing countries, but they do not allow monitoring of global efforts to improve availability of information and communications technology (ICT), including the contribution of the private sector. While Target 8.F makes explicit reference to information and communications technology, it contains a more general reference to the availability of “new technology”. It has been recognized that it is also imperative that the international community come together to better provide other key technologies to developing countries, such as those for coping with the adverse effects of climate change.

The lack of numerical targets restricts the possibility of monitoring the MDG commitment on technology. However, defining a numerical target on information and communications technology is difficult given the fast pace of technological innovation in this sector and the number of supplementary goods and services, mainly software applications, required to gain proper access. Consequently, the issue is how to define a numerical target that captures the specific characteristics of the sector and helps to answer the following question: are countries on track to meet the target of improving access to information and communications technology?

Commitment / Initiative	Targets and indicators	Gap
Millennium Summit , New York, 6-8 September 2000 – MDG-8	<p>Target 8.F: In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <p>8.14. Fixed telephone lines per 100 population</p> <p>8.15. Mobile cellular subscriptions per 100 population</p> <p>8.16. Internet users per 100 population</p>	<p>Lack of numerical targets and indicators prevents monitoring of global commitments.</p> <p>Lack of indicators to monitor the contribution of the private sector.</p> <p>Despite rapid diffusion of ICT in the developing world, developing countries, and LDCs especially, still lag behind developed countries in fixed telephony, mobile cellular telephony and internet access and use.</p>



Policy Research

Sarah is representing Qatar. She's typing "qatar access to technology" into Google and again she's overwhelmed with information.



qatar access to technology

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About 22,100,000 results (0.37 seconds)

Information Technology in Qatar

www1.american.edu/carmel/.../BUGOVMIL.HTML ▾ American University ▾

Most of Qatar's citizens have **access** to a phone and have Internet service accounts with Q-tel. No statistics are available to know to what extent or percentage ...

Qatar Science and Technology Park

www.qstp.org.qa/ ▾ Qatar Science & Technology Park ▾

Qatar Science & Technology Park (QSTP), part of Qatar Foundation Research and ...
QSTP is located in Qatar Foundation's Education City and has **access** to the ...

Internet in Qatar - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet_in_Qatar ▾ Wikipedia ▾

Various plans exist to spread Internet **access**, such as making free wireless Internet ...
Qatar's Supreme Council for Communications and Information **Technology** ...

Future Trends in Access Technology for Disabled ... - ICTQatar

www.ictqatar.qa ▾ Home ▾ News & Events ▾ Events ▾ ictQATAR ▾

New **technology** is changing the lives of disabled people across the world and Mada is pleased to announce the second chapter of its AT Seminar Series aimed ...

International access code changes | Ministry of ... - ICTQatar

www.ictqatar.qa ▾ Home ▾ News & Events ▾ News ▾ ictQATAR ▾

HOUSEHOLDS

Most of Qatar's citizens have access to a phone and have Internet service accounts with Q-tel. No statistics are available to know to what extent or have a PC at home. According to personal interviews that I conducted with some Qatari citizens most say that they have in their household access to a number of personal web sites are posted on the Q-tel network.

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BUSINESS

Businesses in Qatar have been modernizing their IT systems during the last few years. The major investments are in Internet presence, distributed computing and computerization of administrative tasks according to Omran Al-Kuwari (Bin-Omran Corporation). Q-tel and small web publishing companies are active. In the next few years we should see a boom in e-commerce activity in Qatar.

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GOVERNMENT

The government of Qatar is extensively using IT and other technologies to become more efficient and cost effective. The GIS program is one of the major government programs. Virtually all the ministries have IT departments and have a web presence. 16 government agencies in Qatar are using GIS in their day to day operations and they are all integrated through a high speed fiber optic network. Dozens of GIS applications have been developed and are at use benefiting government operations alike. I will illustrate the use of IT with the case of QPGC (Qatar General Petroleum Company), which is the largest and most important (revenue wise) government enterprise.

QGPC has started a program to integrate most of the major systems serving areas such as Finance, Administration and Maintenance using state of the art technology. With the advent of powerful scientific workstations and sophisticated geological models, three dimensional reservoir modeling is now a reality. It is planned to keep track of Qatar's geological, geophysical and petrophysical data to improve oil and gas production and exploration opportunities.

PC's are now a way of life. Over 1900 PCs are in use. Computer literacy and awareness have been enhanced through in-house courses. A percentage of 100% for each office staff member should be reached by 1999. About 1200 have electronic mail services, which allow them to easily move notes, memos and documents.

The network facilities are being used to provide access to electronic copies of technical documents on Qatar's Oil & Gas production facilities. About 100,000 technical drawings will be electronically available by 1999. Approximately 10% of this data was in place by the end of 1996.

Internet access was made available to QGPC staff in 1996. QGPC has created its own world wide web site (www.qgpc.com.qa). It is planned to



Example

You want Sarah to use only government sources to determine Qatar's policy.

What should Sarah type into Google to do this?



site:gov.qa access to technology



Web Images News Videos Shopping More Search tools

About 2,700 results (0.37 seconds)

Future Trends in Access Technology for Disabled People ...

www.ict.gov.qa › Home › News & Events › Events

New **technology** is changing the lives of disabled people across the world and Mada is pleased to announce the second chapter of its AT Seminar Series aimed ...

Qatar e-Government 2020 Strategy towards Digital Future ...

portal.www.gov.qa/.../qatar+e-government+2020+strategy+towards+digit...

Jun 1, 2014 - ... 2020 Strategy towards Digital Future as Per "State of the Art" **Technology** ... uses **technology** to deliver real benefits for people who **access** ...

International access code changes | Ministry of Information ...

www.ict.gov.qa › Home › News & Events › News

The CRA regulates the Telecommunications and Information **Technology** sector, postal services, **access** to digital media and spectrum. The CRA encourages ...

Qatar's e-Accessibility Policy | Ministry of Information and ...

www.ict.gov.qa › Home › Publications

The Supreme Council of Information and Communication **Technology** ... ensure people with disabilities in Qatar have equal **access** to the technologies that can ...

National ICT Strategy - Hukoomi - Qatar E-government

portal.www.gov.qa/wps/portal/topics/Public.../National+ICT+Strategy

The 2015 National Information and Communication **Technology** (ICT) Strategy will lead

Strategic Objectives

Quality, Efficiency and Openness are the foundations of Qatar's digital future.

Qatar e-Government 2020 vision is supported by three strategic objectives that determine where action will be taken to deliver benefits and value:

- **Strategic Objective 1: Better Serve Individuals and Business** – emphasizes the customer focus, serving the people who live and work in Qatar, and the businesses that fuel the nation's economic growth.
- **Strategic Objective 2: Create Efficiency in Government Administration** – maximizes opportunities to make better use of public funds.
- **Strategic Objective 3: Increase Government Openness** – generates economic and political value by collaborating with customers on co-design.

Qatar e-Government 2020 Targets

Better Serve Individuals and Business

100% of government services are available online by 2020

Create Efficiency in Government Administration

80% adoption of government shared services

Increase Government Openness

20% increase per annum in users participating on forums moderated by government



Research Tips

- Students get overwhelmed with information
- Students should learn to filter for credibility
- Help students focus by using Google power search



Power Search

- For UN sources:
 - site:un.org + topic
- For government sources:
 - Find the country code (.qa)
 - site:gov.qa + topic



Prof. Development

- Most advisors did not do Model UN as students
- Approached by schools to create PD for MUN
- Promote the growth of Model UN worldwide



https://docs.google.com/document/d/1p23XJWQcDdqabbtkoW2MsUj27p--Ops...
Search the menus (Option+) 100% More
1 2 3 4 5

Notes:

- Too much information: Overwhelmed/too in-depth
 - Overly technical, difficult to weed out important info
- Power search: Extremely helpful
- News articles as help for hooks
- Collaboration?
 - Prep opening statements (eg. 3 weeks before)
 - Mentoring can help
 - Pre-conference preparation
 - Other students in a research support role (advisors)



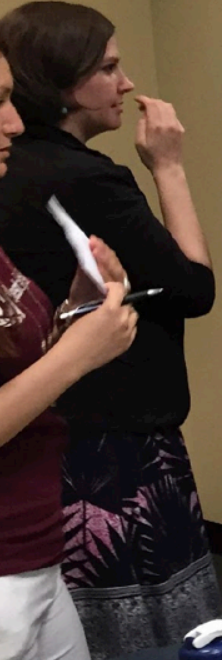
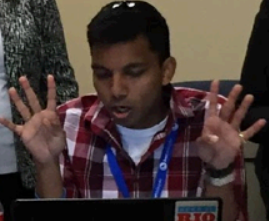
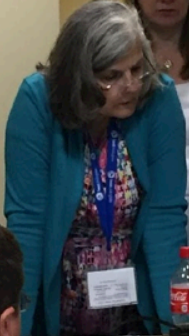
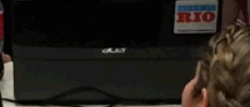


MUN Mexico

MUN Honduras

Pakistan

Handwritten notes and documents on the table.





Model United Nations Institute

- Summer Programs at Georgetown, Harvard, Columbia, UC Berkeley, UCLA, UC Irvine
- Last year, we hosted over 600 students from 40+ countries
- Programs for “Diplomats” “Ambassadors” “Secretaries-General” “Crisis” and more



Resources

- bestdelegate.com/nhsmun2016